Winspear Business Reference Room University of Alberta 1-18 Business Building Edmonton, Alberta Tog 2R6



1 9 9 4 Annual Report

# Corporate Profile

Cirque Energy Ltd. is an independent Canadian energy company actively exploring for, developing, producing, processing and marketing reserves of natural gas and oil. In 1994, Cirque successfully completed one major transaction that resulted in a merger and positioned us among the junior-sized oil and gas producers in Canada. Cirque Energy Ltd. is the result of a combination of assets of Petrolantic Ltd. and Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd. Cirque's sound financial planning and effective operating strategies will continue to guide our growth in 1994 as we develop and augment the assets we have acquired and the new exploration plays we have generated.

Cirque's common shares are listed on The Alberta Stock Exchange and NASDAQ. The securities trade under the symbols "CIQ" and "CIRQF" respectively.

# **Financial Highlights**

## For The Year Ended March 31, 1994

<u>c</u>	irque Pro form	<u>na</u>		
	1994	<u>1994</u>	<u>1993</u>	<u>1992</u>
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	1,343,000	682,000	376,000	341,000
Shareholders' Equity	4,468,000	2,813,000	1,745,000	4,121,000
Net Income (Loss)				
- Continuing Operations	31,000	(20,000)	(41,000)	(45,000)
Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Share	- ,			
- Continuing Operations	-0	<del>-</del>	(0.01)	(0.01)
Shares Outstanding	31,989,680	19,715,694	16,090,194	14,775,661



**RESERVES** (Before Royalties)

Ciro	ue	Pro	forma

	19	94	19	94	19	93	19	92
CANADA	Oil	Gas	Oil	Gas	Oil	Gas	Oil	Gas
	<b>MSTB</b>	<b>MMCF</b>	<u>MSTB</u>	<b>MMCF</b>	<u>MSTB</u>	<b>MMCF</b>	<u>MSTB</u>	<b>MMCF</b>
Proved Producing	323.7	669	158.1	342	110.1	165	69.5	212
Probable Additional	331.6	1,827	174.7	<u>611</u>	0	0	<u>27.7</u>	_77
TOTAL	655.3	2,496	332.8	953	110.1	165	97.2	289

MSTB = Oil in Thousands of Stock Tank Barrels MMCF = Natural Gas in Millions of Cubic Feet

#### **NET ACREAGE (CANADA)**

· ·	Cirque Pro forma			
	1994	1994	1993	<u>1992</u>
Acres	5,166	1,396	1,788	1,192

#### DAILY PRODUCTION (CANADA)

Cirqu	e Pro forn	<u>na</u>		
	1994	<u>1994</u>	<u>1993</u>	1992
Oil (Barrels per day)	122	56	45	46
Natural Gas (Thousand cubic feet per day)	428	165	153	108

## PRESENT VALUE OF ESTIMATED FUTURE NET REVENUES FROM OIL & GAS RESERVES

(Based on 10% discount rate - nonescalated)

CANADA (\$000'S)*	Cirque Pro forma			
	1994	1994	1993	1992
Total Proved Producing	2,602	1,268	725	614
Probable Additional Reserves	1,865	_735	_0	_61
TOTAL Present Worth Value	4,467	2,003	725	675

<sup>\*</sup> does not include Alberta Royalty Tax Credit

## Report to the Shareholders



Cirque Energy Ltd. (formerly Petrolantic Ltd.) recorded positive results in most areas during fiscal 1994. Strong increases were achieved in production growth and reserve additions. These increases were principally during the last quarter of the year and thus did not fully impact the 1994 financial results. Operational successes during the later part of the year resulted in an excellent production exit rate for 1993 compared to the year entry rate and a significantly improved reserve base. The reported figures for Petrolantic Ltd.'s fiscal year ended March 31, 1994 do not reflect the acquisition of Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd. which was effective April 1, 1994. The results of operations after giving effect to the amalgamation are presented on a pro forma basis (combined Cirque/Petrolantic).

Oil and gas revenues, net of royalties, for Petrolantic Ltd. increased to \$465,368, up 24% from \$376,322 in 1993. Being mainly an oil producing company, oil prices impacted the revenue flow. While reaching highs of \$21.00 U.S. in March, 1993, oil prices declined throughout the latter part of the year to \$14.50 U.S. in February, 1994.

In 1994, we concluded a number of our objectives to further position the Company for strong growth in the upcoming year.

On March 24, 1994, the shareholders voted in favour of the acquisition of Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd. On April 1, 1994, the two companies were amalgamated and the name changed to **CIRQUE ENERGY LTD**.

A total of 12,273,986 Petrolantic common shares were issued in exchange for all the issued and outstanding shares of Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd., representing a share exchange ratio of 10.2 Petrolantic common shares for each Cirque common share. Pro forma revenue (combined Cirque/Petrolantic) was \$1,342,793 with a net income of \$30,712.

Through a private placement of flow through shares in fiscal 1994, Petrolantic raised \$972,665 net of expenses, which provided sufficient capital to fund its programs. A total of 3,165,000 shares were issued pursuant to the offering memorandum.

The company purchased a 20% interest in the Battle Creek oil pool in southwest Saskatchewan. Over the past year, two horizontal oil wells, (one Madison formation, one Shaunavon formation), one vertical oil well and one vertical gas well were drilled on the property. With the acquisition of Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd., the Company's position has increased to 55.5% in the pool. This property will be the focus of Cirque Energy's exploration program in 1995 with the implementation of a complete battery upgrade and the drilling of a multi-lateral horizontal Madison test.

Petrolantic Ltd. was able to sell its entire interest in United States Exploration, Inc. (USEX) for cash and a non-interest bearing debenture. Petrolantic received \$78,063 U.S. for 624,500 shares of USEX and agreed to exchange 6,000,000 common shares of USEX for an estimated \$1.2 million U.S. worth of debentures. A total of \$300,000 U.S. has been received to date by Petrolantic Ltd., with the term on the remaining debentures ranging through June 30, 1995.

With the acquisition of Cirque, the Company doubled its oil and gas reserves, gained experienced management and operating personnel along with a production base

## Report to the Shareholders

of 100 barrels of oil per day and 500 thousand cubic feet of gas per day. The combination of assets and businesses of the two companies provides for a more effective utilization of the oil and gas properties, most of which had common ownership. This combination will also provide for a more effective utilization of cash flow to conduct further exploration.



#### **OUTLOOK FOR 1994/1995**

Cirque's ultimate long term growth will occur through exploration. It will require expansion of our land base, growth and exploration of long life reserves in both natural gas, natural gas liquids and oil production. Our projects are now of sufficient size to increase the real value of shareholders' equity.

In the new year, Cirque began the process of building an inventory of exploration and development prospects. Most of the upcoming budget will be spent on oil exploration as the past land acquisition programs were more heavily weighted in petroleum. In order to balance our projects, we have also begun to explore for and develop gas reserves.

The Company continues to pursue appropriate acquisitions. Our preference is to initiate bids for properties that will yield a strategic land position, an existing production infrastructure and the potential for exploration of multiple zones. Several properties meeting these criteria are being evaluated.

We have established an initial capital budget of approximately \$1,500,000 which will involve the drilling of approximately six wells, three of which will be horizontal. Working interests will average around 50% with Cirque maintaining operatorship. The capital budget will be financed with existing working capital, cash flow and debenture repayment. Any increases to our budget will depend upon the success of the programs and the resulting subsequent cash flow improvement.

The Company has put in place a \$750,000 line of credit with The Alberta Treasury Branches with the provision to increase to \$1,000,000 under the existing structure. Debt will be used only to finance acquisitions, development activities and facility expenditures.

High potential horizontal drilling programs are planned for fiscal 1995. This, combined with the recent merger, will translate into solid growth in the coming year.

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to Mr. Maurice Caissie and Harold Pedersen who will be retiring from the Board of Directors this year. We thank them for their contribution and counsel to Petrolantic Ltd. during the past year.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,

6len A. Phillips, (P. Geol.) President and Chief Executive Officer August 19, 1994

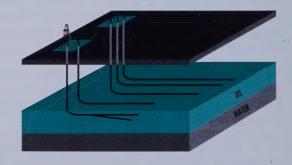
# **Property Review**



#### BATTLE CREEK, SASKATCHEWAN

This property was the most active area for Cirque during the year with a total of two vertical and two horizontal wells drilled resulting in three oil wells and one gas well. The bulk of the upcoming programs will center on the Mississippian Madison formation, previously developed with conventional vertical well technology. Water cuts exceeding 98% ultimately hampered production from these wells which have produced from 20,000 to 100,000 barrels of oil. Horizontal drilling technology is used in such a case to minimize coning where water is drawn up into the pool, displacing oil production. Cirque identified the potential for the effective application of horizontal technology and in 1993, and began acquiring an interest in the pool. With the Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd. acquisition, the company increased its working interest to 55.5%.

Before drilling, Cirque shot a 3-D seismic program over the Battle Creek Field to more definitely outline the reservoir and to aid in planning the horizontal wells. In November, 1993, Cirque finished the first Mississippian well with a horizontal section of 360 meters. The well was put on restricted production at rates



up to 160 BOPD with a daily average of 114 BOPD. Testing indicates that the well will produce a minimum of 200 BOPD into the existing facilities. Pool production has not yet been optimized due to treating facility limitations. The 1957 treater on the property was replaced in July, 1994, and a new free water knockout vessel is scheduled to arrive in August, 1994. With the new facilities in place, pool production will increase from 200 BOPD to 300 BOPD. With the completion of the upcoming horizontal well, pool production is expected to increase to 600 barrels of oil per day.

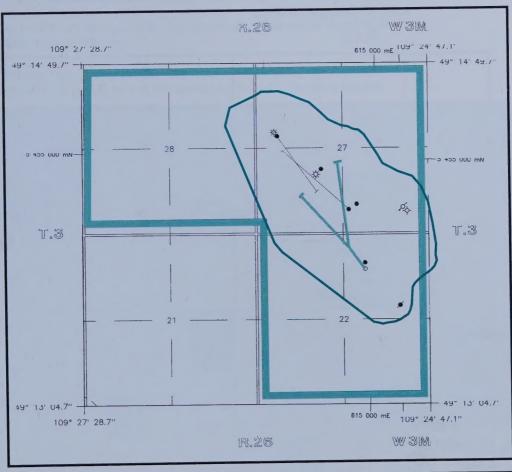
Based on the first Mississippian horizontal well, Cirque plans to drill a multi-lateral horizontal on the property in September, 1994, where two horizontal legs will be drilled from the same well bore. In this more specialized case, Cirque will minimize surface environmental concerns and should achieve enhanced production at a much reduced cost per barrel.

Reservoir studies indicate that there are seven million barrels of oil in place remaining in the reservoir, of which 0.9 million barrels should be recoverable on primary production with horizontal application.

The Company's first horizontal well in the Shaunavon formation drilled in May, 1993, proved to be a disappointment. The well has produced 12,350 barrels of oil and is currently producing at 40 BOPD. A selected acid squeeze will be performed on the well to try and improve the productivity.

The Company drilled its first shallow gas well in the Battle Creek shallow gas program. The Cirque et al Battle Creek 6-27T-3-26 W3M well was drilled to 905 meters and cased as a potential Second White Specks - Milk River gas well. The Second White Specks zone was sand fractured and flow tested at 400 to 460 MCFD at 280 psig on a three day test. The well is tied-in to the fuel gas system as an alternative source of fuel gas. Additional gas testing will be done on the 12-27 gas well prior to any decisions being made regarding a multi-well gas program.







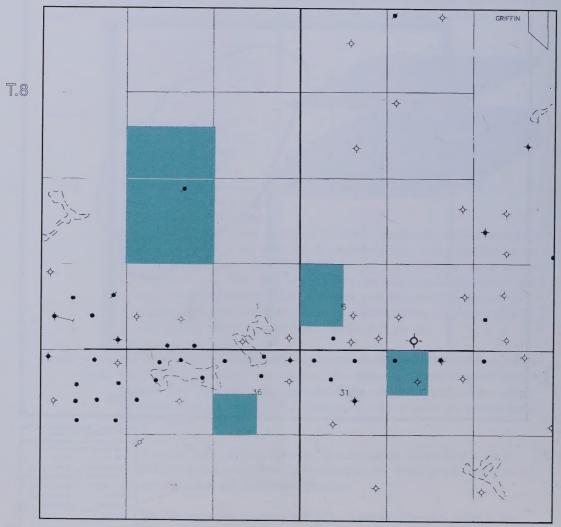
# **Property Review**



#### WEST INNES, SASKATCHEWAN

The drilling program initiated in December, 1993 at West Innes signalled Cirque's entry into south-east Saskatchewan, an oil prone area exploited successfully in the late 1950's by the majors. The first well operated by Cirque yielded a successful oil well. A second well drilled subsequent to year end resulted in a dry hole. The new oil well in which the combined entity has a 47.5% working interest, was placed on production in February, 1994, and has averaged a steady 75 BOPD. Additional lands have been acquired offsetting the discovery.

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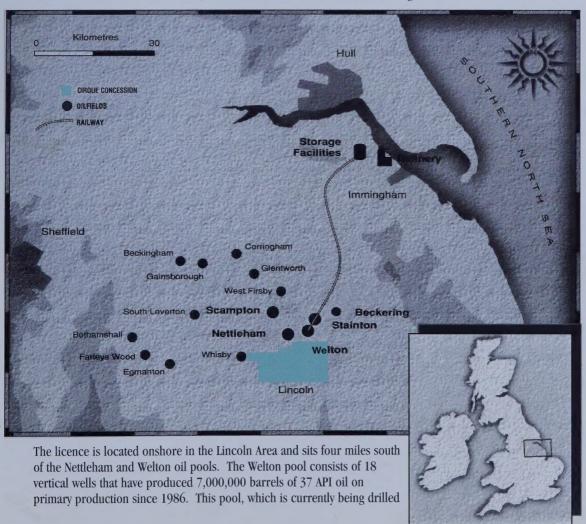


**Domestic** In keeping with its focus on exploration, Cirque has acquired an interest in five parcels in a Saskatchewan Crown land sale. The Company now has interests ranging from 47.5% to 50.0% in 2,160 gross (1,050 net) acres in the West Innes area of south-east Saskatchewan. The Company has initiated drilling prospects on non-company interest lands in both Alberta and Saskatchewan, and has outstanding farm-in offers for both horizontal and vertical wells. New opportunities are being generated to ensure the continued growth of both production and reserves.



An offer to purchase a producing oil property is still outstanding and negotiations on the purchase are still continuing. The line of credit will be utilized should we be successful in closing the deal.

**Foreign** Cirque Energy Ltd. has entered into a Seismic Option Agreement with TransWorld Oil & Gas Ltd. on a 52,000 acre licence located in the United Kingdom.



# **New Project Activity**



horizontally, produces 3,150 barrels of oil per day from a 68 meter thick Silesian Sandstone at a depth of approximately 1,300 meters. The Nettleham field has produced from two wells of similar depth with total production to date of 1,200,000 barrels of oil. Geological data and seismic acquired from TransWorld Oil & Gas Ltd. indicates that four similar features exist on the licence. Cirque Energy Ltd. is purchasing and reprocessing additional seismic data on the licence to confirm the existence of the anomalies. If a drilling election is made, the well must be underway by June, 1995. Cirque Energy Ltd. will operate the program and maintain a 50% working interest of this option. One well will earn the entire licence.

In 1993, the Company operated the drilling of five oil wells, two gas wells, and two dry holes. Furthermore, the Company operated the installation of two pipelines and one battery overhaul. At Cessford, Cirque Energy tied-in one gas well to production facilities. This well, in which Cirque has a 39.6% working interest, went on production in December, 1993 at rates averaging 1.0 million cubic feet of gas per day. A second well at Leo was tied-in and brought on production in November, 1993. The well, in which Cirque Energy has a 33.334% working interest, currently averages 300 thousand cubic feet of gas per day. Cirque operates 95% of its production.



# 1994 Activity and Forecast



The drilling success of fiscal 1994 established one major area in which cash flow can be substantially increased through lower-risk development activity during fiscal 1995. This major area will provide increased oil productivity, to be accomplished through the continued application of 3-D seismic and horizontal drilling at Battle Creek where Cirque anticipates drilling at least one or two more horizontal wells in the main Madison pool. The timing of this drilling will depend on rig availability. The remoteness of production in this area keeps industry activity to a minimum and services, such as rigs, are harder to procure. Cirque anticipates daily oil production to reach approximately 600 barrels of oil per day by year end.

All of Cirque's projects depend upon the availability and application of capital. Cirque plans to source the required \$1.0 to \$1.5 million from a combination of cash flow, bank debt, and debenture revenue. The raising of new equity is always an option, depending upon the influences of the market to maximize the benefits to shareholders. Cirque enters 1995 with no bank debt and is therefore in a position to use credit facilities judiciously, with sensitivity to cash flow. Therefore, for the first half of the year, special attention will be paid to oil and gas pricing trends to ensure capital spending is appropriate.

Growth in 1995 will be dependent on the exploration and development programs undertaken this year. Cirque will enhance its position in areas by continuing to focus on strategic acquisitions. Cirque will grow through a balanced program that includes technological development of older pools and continued attempts, through internal prospect development, to discover major new oil and gas fields.

## **Auditors' Report to the Shareholders**

To the Shareholders of Cirque Energy Ltd. (Formerly Petrolantic Ltd.)



We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Cirque Energy Ltd. (Formerly Petrolantic Ltd.) as at March 31, 1994 and 1993 and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated deficit and changes in financial position for the three years ended March 31, 1994, 1993 and 1992. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 1994 and 1993, and the results of its operations and changes in its financial position for the three years ended March 31, 1994, 1993 and 1992 in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Doane Raymond

**DOANE RAYMOND**Canadian Member Firm of
Grant Thornton International

Chartered Accountants Calgary, Alberta May 18, 1994

# Consolidated Statements of Operations and Deficit Years Ended March 31, 1994, 1993 and 1992



See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

		1994		1993		1992
Revenue Oil and gas sales, net of royalties	\$	465,368	\$	376,322	\$	340,703
Expenses						
Operating costs - oil and gas		154,601		79,532		76,004
General and administrative		279,267		211,165		226,455
Site restoration costs		24,000		12,000		-
Depreciation and depletion		243,944		114,502		83,231
		701,812		417,199		385,690
Loss before the undernoted		236,444		40,877		44,987
Other income						
Debenture interest		119,531		-		
Foreign exchange gain		81,407		-		-
Other interest		15,897		-	1	-
P V Visito Visito La La Malaine		216,835		· -		-
Loss from continuing operations		19,609		40,877		44,987
Current income tax expense (Note 8)		57,500		22,800		11,707
Income tax recovery due to application	n	- ' '-		,		
of prior years' losses		(57,500)		(22,800)		
N-4 1 f		10 (00		40.977		44,987
Net loss from continuing operations Loss from discontinued operations (N	ote 2	19,609		40,877 2,528,219		387,515
Net loss		\$19,609	<b>\$</b> 2	2,569,096		\$432,502
			·····			
Accumulated deficit, beginning of year	\$	13,376,574	\$	10,807,478	\$1	10,374,976
Net loss		19,609		2,569,096		432,502
Elimination of deficit on reduction of capital stock (Note 6)		3,396,183)				-
Accumulated deficit, end of year	\$		\$	13,376,574	\$	10,807,478
n 1 1.						
Per share data:						
Basic loss per share (Canadian Basis)	ф		ó	0.01	ф	0.01
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	0.01	<b>\$</b>	0.01
Primary loss per share (United States Ba	z		φ	0.10	φ	0.03
Continuing operations	1515 <i>)</i> \$	2	\$	0.01	\$	0.01
Discontinued operations	\$	-	\$	0.15	\$	
1	T		-		7	

JUILU	OII		JULI	MILCO	DIICC	
Years	Ended	March	31,	1994 a	nd 1993	

	1994	1993
Assets		
Current		
Cash	\$ 276,267	\$ 17,362
Accounts receivable	67,221	55,198
Deferred share issue costs	82,330	10,062
Debentures receivable (Note 2)	855,735	*
	1,281,553	82,622
Equity in net assets of discontinued		
operations (Note 2)		1,151,227
Petroleum and natural gas properti		
equipment (Note 4)	1,604,830	553,247
Fixed (Note 5)	7,104	9,048
	\$ 2,893,487	\$ 1,796,144
Liabilities Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 44,219	\$ 39,057
Site restoration costs	36,000	12,000
	80,219	51,057
Shareholders' Equity		
Capital stock (Note 6)	2,813,268	15,121,661
Accumulated deficit (Note 6)	2,013,200	(13,376,574)
Accumulated denot (Note 6)		(13,3/0,3/4)
	2,813,268	1,745,087
	\$ 2,893,487	\$ 1,796,144

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Financial Position Years Ended March 31, 1994, 1993 and 1992



See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

	1994		1993		1992
Cash derived from (applied to)					
Operating	( ()	_	(()	_	(//
Loss from continuing operations \$	(19,609)	\$	(40,877)	\$ ,	(44,987)
Items not involving cash					
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	243,944		114,502		Q2 221
Site restoration costs	245,944		12,000		83,231
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(66,827)		12,000		
Unitedized foreign exchange gain	181,508		85,625		38,244
Net decrease in non-cash operating	101,500		0,02		JO,2 11
working capital items of continuing					
operations	(79,129)		(61,783)		(30,474)
	102,379		23,842		7,770
Loss from discontinued operations	-	(2	2,528,219)		(387,515)
Items not involving cash					
Depreciation, depletion and					
amortization	-		163,465		157,992
Equity in net loss of joint venture	-		86		2,756
Minority interest	-		(59,121)		(79,145)
Provision for loss on disposal of					
discontinued operations	-		2,238,751		•
Nyst in annual in man analy annuation	-		(185,038)		(305,912)
Net increase in non-cash operating	. d				
working capital items of discontinue	ea .		190.070		110,441
operations	<u>.                                      </u>		180,070 (4,968)		(195,471)
	102,379		18,874		(187,701)
	102,377		10,071		(107,701)
Investing					
Additions to oil and gas interests	(1,293,583)		(217,375)		(221,362)
Proceeds on sale of subsidiary	1,151,227		-		-
Investment in debentures	(1,051,877)		-		-
Proceeds on redemption of debentur	res 262,969		-		-
Other	-		1,732		(8,357)
Investing activities - discontinued					
operations	-		4,968		195,471
	(931,264)		(210,675)		(34,248)
Financing					(400 000)
Non-cash compensation	1 4 00 5 5 2 2		***************************************		(120,000)
Proceeds from issue of common stoo			192,846		346,250
Not peak marrided	1,087,790		192,846		226,250
Net cash provided	258,905		1,045		4,301
Cash, beginning of year	17,362		16,317		12,016
Cash, end of year \$	276,267	. \$	17,362	\$	16,317

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Canada, and with respect to the corporation's continuing operations, reflect the policies listed below. All financial statement amounts are stated in Canadian dollars. The financial statements presented are those of Petrolantic Ltd. which, effective April 1, 1994, changed its name to Cirque Energy Ltd.

#### **Principles of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Petrolantic Inc.

#### Joint ventures

During the year the Company conducted substantially all of its Canadian oil and gas exploration and production activities on a joint venture basis. These financial statements reflect only the Company's proportionate interest in such activities.

#### Oil and gas interests

The Company accounts for its oil and gas interests following the accounting guideline, Full Cost Accounting in the Oil and Gas Industry, issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Under this guideline, the Company follows the full cost method of accounting for petroleum and natural gas operations whereby all costs of exploration for and development of petroleum and natural gas reserves are capitalized. Costs include lease acquisition costs, geological and geophysical expenses, costs of drilling both productive and non-productive wells and overhead charges directly related to exploration activities. Proceeds from the sale of oil and gas properties are applied against capitalized costs, with no gain or loss recognized, unless such a sale would significantly alter the rate of depletion and depreciation.

Depletion of exploration and development costs and tangible equipment is provided using the unit-of-production method based upon estimated proven petroleum and natural gas reserves.

The carrying value of the Company's petroleum and natural gas properties and production equipment, net of recorded deferred income taxes, is compared annually to an estimate of future net cash flow from the production of proved reserves using year end prices, (unless there have been rapidly fluctuating prices, in which case an average price is used), less estimated future general and administrative expenses, financing costs and income taxes. Should this comparison indicate an excess carrying value, the excess is charged against earnings as additional depletion and depreciation.





#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### Oil and gas interests (Continued)

An average price for the year ended March 31, 1994 was used in arriving at the future net cash flows described above. If year end prices had been used, the Company would have charged \$210,000 against earnings as additional depletion and depreciation.

#### Site restoration costs

Estimated future costs of well abandonment and site restoration, including removal of production facilities at the end of their useful life, aggregate \$70,000. Costs are based on estimates valued at year end prices and in accordance with the current legislation and industry practices. The annual provision is computed on a unit-of-production basis and is recorded as an expense for the year; the accumulated provision is classified as a non-current liability.

#### Depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at cost. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates, once the asset is put into productive use:

Computer	30%	declining balance
Office furniture and equipment	20%	declining balance

#### Foreign currency translation

Petrolantic Inc. is considered financially and operationally dependent upon the parent company, and thus its accounts are translated into Canadian dollars using the current rate of exchange for monetary assets and liabilities, the historic rate for non-monetary assets and liabilities, and at average rates of exchange for the period for revenues and expenses.

United States Exploration, Inc. was considered financially and operationally independent of the parent company, and thus its accounts were translated into Canadian dollars using the current rate of exchange for all assets and liabilities and at average rates of exchange for the period for revenues and expenses.

The debentures receivable, which are monetary assets, are translated into Canadian dollars using the current rate of exchange at the year end.

#### Loss per common share

The basic and primary loss per common share are computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Fully diluted loss per share is not presented as the calculation would be antidilutive.

#### 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### Flow-through common shares

The Company credits the full amount of the proceeds of flow-through shares, (which transfer the deductibility of petroleum and natural gas exploration and development expenses to the investor), including the premium paid for such tax deductions, to capital stock.



#### 2. Discontinued operations and debentures receivable

During the 1993 fiscal year the Board of Directors endorsed a plan to dispose of the Company's ownership of United States Exploration, Inc. (USX), an 82.3% owned subsidiary. United States Exploration, Inc. was a natural gas producer and processor and provided consulting and management services. Pursuant to an Exchange Agreement effective May 10, 1993 the Company sold its entire shareholding position of 6,624,500 common shares. The Company received \$99,350 for 624,500 shares and the remaining 6,000,000 shares were exchanged for 2,000,000 each of Series A, B and C Debentures. The Series A debenture was redeemed for cash of \$300,000 U.S. in October, 1993. The original agreement provided that the Series B debenture was to be redeemed on or before August 1, 1994 and the Series C debenture on or before November 30, 1994 in the amounts of \$400,000 U.S. and \$500,000 U.S. respectively.

By way of an amending agreement, the Series B debenture will be redeemed in two instalments of \$200,000 U.S. each in August and September, 1994. The Series C debenture by way of amending agreement will be redeemed on or before December 31, 1994 for \$300,000 U.S. or on June 30, 1995 for \$500,000 U.S. If the redemption were to occur between January 1, 1995 and June 29, 1995, the redemption amount will be prorated.

Due to the non-interest bearing nature of the debentures, interest has been imputed by management and an unamortized discount has been determined:

Non-interest bearing debentures, at maturity Unamortized discount based on imputed interest	\$ 1,530,000	
rate of 32%	478,123	
Balance, March 31, 1993	1,051,877	
Redemption of Series A Debenture	 262,969	
	788,908	
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	66,827	
Balance, March 31, 1994	\$ 855,735	



#### 2. Discontinued operations (Continued)

As the Company receives cash for redemption of the debentures, the appropriate portion of the discount of \$478,125 is recognized as income.

The Company accounted for USX operations as discontinued operations as at March 31, 1993. Comparative figures for 1992 were reclassified to conform with this presentation.

The operating results of the discontinued operations which were reflected in the statement of operations and deficit under the caption discontinued operations for 1993 and 1992, were comprised as follows:

		1993	1992
Revenue			
Oil and gas sales	\$	118,457	\$ 132,283
Natural gas gathering revenues		3,242	32,368
Partnership management income		25,826	44,680
Other income		1,733	34,533
		149,258	243,864
Expenses	Anama Anama		
Production costs - oil and gas		138,124	177,251
Production costs - natural gas			
gathering systems		22,277	85,991
Depreciation, depletion and			
amortization		163,465	157,992
General and administrative		173,895	286,534
Equity in net loss of joint venture		86	2,756
		497,847	710,524
Loss before the undernoted		(348,589)	(466,660)
Minority interest		59,121	79,145
Net loss before the undernoted Provision for loss on disposal of		(289,468)	(387,515)
discontinued operations		(2,238,751)	
Net loss	\$	(2,528,219)	\$ (387,515)

## 2. Discontinued operations (Continued)



The assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations at March 31, 1993 were included in the consolidated balance sheet on a net basis comprised as follows:

		199
Current Assets Cash	\$	23,09
Due from related parties	φ	74,79
Other receivables		6,1
		104,0
Property and Equipment at Cost		
Oil and gas property and equipment	,	2,922,0
Natural gas gathering systems		1,270,60
		4,192,66
Other Assets		
Investment in joint venture		321,9
Other		19
		322,10
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(243,45)
Due to related parties		(385,74
		(629,19
Minority interest		(379,61
Cumulative translation adjustment		(220,09
Provision for loss on disposal of		·
discontinued operations		(2,238,75
	\$	1,151,2



#### 3. Related party transactions and contractual obligations

4. Petroleum and natural gas properties

A joint venture in which the Company participates is operated by Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd. which is also a participant in the joint venture. The president of Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd. is a director and an officer of the Company. Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd. provided management services to the Company under contract for \$10,000 per month until July 31, 1993 and \$12,500 per month thereafter. The management agreement which governed these management fees was terminated effective March 31, 1994.

1994

1993

1992

cities	1//1				
\$	2,056,830	\$	763,247	\$	545,872
	(452,000)	(	(210,000)		(98,000)
\$	1,604,830	\$	553,247	\$	447,872
774 - 0	onil) of the	abo	ve petroiet	Ш	anu
	purposes a		•		
	purposes a		e result of	flov	v-through
for tax	1994 18,850	s the	1993 18,850	flov	v-through 1992 18,850
for tax	1994 18,850 23,333	s the	1993 18,850 23,333	flov	1992 18,850 23,333
	\$	(452,000)	(452,000) (	(452,000) (210,000) \$ 1,604,830 \$ 553,247	(452,000) (210,000)

## 6. Capital stock

#### **Authorized:**



Unlimited number of common shares without par v	value  Number of  Shares	Proceeds
Issued: Balance, March 31, 1991	13,400,661	14,582,565
to directors and officers through exercise of stock warrants to directors and officers through exercise of	625,000	156,250
stock options	350,000	70,000
to directors and officers in lieu of deferred compensation	400,000	120,000
Balance, March 31, 1992	14,775,661	14,928,815
pursuant to a rights offering (net of cost of issue of \$31,425) to a director and officer through exercise	1,304,533	190,346
of stock options	10,000	2,500
Balance, March 31, 1993	16,090,194	15,121,661
pursuant to flow-through share offering (net of costs of issue of \$135,084) to directors and officers through exercise	3,165,000	972,665
of stock options	460,500	115,125
elimination of deficit on reduction of capital stock	-	(13,396,183)
Balance, March 31, 1994	19,715,694	\$ 2,813,268

At a special meeting held on March 24, 1994, the shareholders of the Company approved a special resolution reducing the stated capital applicable to the common shares of the Company by an amount equal to the deficit which would otherwise be shown in the audited financial statements as at March 31, 1994, and applying this amount to eliminate the accumulated deficit.



### 6. Capital stock (Continued)

#### **Stock options**

The following is a summary of stock options issued to officers and directors for the years noted:

years noted:	Number of Shares	Price Range Per Share
Outstanding at March 31, 1991	1,310,000	\$0.20 - \$0.60
1992		
Granted	1,050,000	\$0.25
Cancelled/expired	(705,000)	\$0.45 - \$0.60
Exercised	(350,000)	\$0.20
Outstanding at March 31, 1992	1,305,000	\$0.25 - \$0.60
1993		
Cancelled/expired	(250,000)	\$0.25 - \$0.60
Exercised	(10,000)	\$0.25
Outstanding at March 31, 1993	1,045,000	
1994		
Granted	800,000	\$0.28
Cancelled/expired	(155,000)	\$0.45
Exercised	(460,500)	\$0.25
Outstanding at March 31, 1994	1,229,500	

The stock options outstanding at March 31, 1994 are summarized as follows:

Shares	Price	Expiry
429,500	\$0.25	March 28, 1996
800,000	\$0.50	October 6, 1998

Subsequent to year end 340,000 options were granted at an exercise price of \$0.28 which expire May 16, 1999.

Warrants outstanding at March 31, 1994 are summarized as follows:

Shares	Price		Expiry
3,165,000	\$0.45		April 15, 1995

## 7. Segmented information



Financial data by geographic and industry segment is presented below for the years ended March 31, 1993 and 1992. In 1994 the Company operated only in Canada in the exploration and development segment.

Geographic Segments		1993		1992
Segment revenue Canada	\$	376,322	\$	340,703
United States	φ	149,258	φ	243,864
Office States				
		525,580		584,567
Segment loss				
Canada		40,877		44,987
United States		2,528,219		387,515
		2,569,096		432,502
Segment identifiable assets				
Canada		644,917		550,569
United States		1,151,227		3,679,446
		1,796,144		4,230,015
Industry segments				
Segment revenue				
Exploration and development		494,779		472,986
Processing and management services		30,801		111,581
		525,580		584,567
Segment loss (income)				
Exploration and development		2,599,897		544,083
Processing and management services		(30,801)		(111,581)
		2,569,096		432,502
Segment identifiable assets				
Exploration and development		1,204,004		2,956,316
Processing and management services		592,140		1,273,699
- Indiagonen services		-		
	\$	1,796,144	\$	4,230,015



#### 8. Income taxes

a. The provision for income taxes differs from the result that would be obtained by applying the combined Canadian Federal and Provincial income tax rate of approximately 44.3% to loss from continuing operations. The difference results from the following:

	1994	1993	1992
Computed expected tax recovery \$	(8,700)	\$ (18,100) \$	(19,900)
Increase (decrease) resulting from:			
Depletion of resource properties			
having no tax cost	52,300	-	× -
Non-deductible Crown charges	25,000	23,800	28,600
Alberta royalty tax credit	(14,600)	(16,400)	(28,300)
Federal resource allowance	(10,300)	(16,400)	(23,900)
Other adjustments	(19,800)	(3,300)	8,200
Unrecognized deferred tax benefits	,	, , ,	,
and losses	33,600	53,200	35,300
Income tax expense \$	57,500	\$ 22,800 \$	-

b. No recognition is given to the potential tax benefit of losses in these financial statements. The Company has losses available, which may be utilized to offset taxable income of future years, which expire as follows:

\$ 317,000	
734,000	
223,000	
323,000	
26,000	
\$ 1,623,000	
, T	734,000 223,000 323,000 26,000

In addition, the Company has a capital loss of \$3,660,000 which may be utilized to offset capital gains of future years.

#### 8. Income taxes (Continued)



c. The Company has available the following approximate amounts which may be deducted, at the annual rates indicated, in determining taxable income of future years:

Rate	:	1994	1993	1992
Canadian exploration				
expense 100%	\$	383,000	\$ 345,000	\$ 223,000
Canadian development				
expense 30%		423,000	379,000	314,000
Canadian oil and gas				
property expense 10%		135,000	39,000	32,000
Undepreciated capital				
cost 20-100%		452,000	237,000	213,000
Share issue costs 5 year				
straight-line		188,000	31,000	9,000
	\$	1,581,000	\$ 1,031,000	\$ 791,000

## 9. Reconciliation between Canadian and United States generally accepted accounting principles

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, (GAAP), in Canada, which differ in some respects from GAAP in the United States. The material differences between the two are summarized below:

- a. GAAP in Canada allow for the reduction of stated capital of outstanding common shares with a corresponding offset to deficit. This reclassification, which was made in the current year, is not permitted by United States GAAP. Had the statements been prepared in accordance with United States GAAP, both the deficit and capital stock would have been greater by \$13,396,183.
- b. As described in Note 10, subsequent to year end the Company was party to a share exchange with Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd. which resulted in the combination of the two Companies. For Canadian GAAP purposes, this transaction will be accounted for by the purchase method. However, for United States GAAP purposes, the transaction meets the requirements of a pooling-of-interests. United States GAAP would therefore require the following disclosure in the subsequent events note reflecting operating results of the combined entity had the combination been consummated on March 31, 1994:

Revenue	\$ 1,482,793
Net earnings	\$ 43,112
Primary earnings per share	\$ 0.00

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

March 31, 1994



## 9. Reconciliation between Canadian and United States generally accepted accounting principles (Continued)

c. United States, (U.S.), full cost accounting rules differ from Canadian full cost accounting guidelines followed by the Company. In determining the limitation on the carrying values of petroleum and natural gas properties at year end, U.S. accounting rules require that the Company use year end oil and gas prices in arriving at future net revenues from the oil and gas properties and that these future net revenues be discounted at 10%. Canadian guidelines allow the use of average oil and gas prices in those circumstances described in Note 1 to the financial statements. These guidelines use undiscounted future net revenues and require the deduction of estimated future administrative costs. The carrying value of petroleum and natural gas properties of the Company would have been written down by \$120,000 under the U.S. accounting rules. As a result, depletion expense under U.S. GAAP would have been lower in the current and future years.

#### 10. Subsequent event

Subsequent to year end, the shareholders of Petrolantic Ltd. authorized the issuance of up to 12,273,986 Petrolantic common shares in exchange for all of the issued and outstanding common shares of Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd., representing a share exchange ratio of 10.2 Petrolantic common shares for each Cirque common share. The shareholders also voted to change the name of the company from Petrolantic Ltd. to Cirque Energy Ltd. The share exchange and name change were effective April 1, 1994 at which time the combining companies were amalgamated.

## 10. Subsequent event (Continued)



The acquisition will be recorded using the purchase method, and the allocation of the purchase price to acquired net assets is as follows:

\$	1,613,531	
	241,796	
	1,855,327	
	1,248	
,	14,625	
	(132,200)	
	(50,000)	
\$	1,689,000	
	\$	241,796 1,855,327 1,248 14,625 (132,200) (50,000)

If the acquisition had occurred at the end of the Company's fiscal year, the following financial position would have been reported at March 31, 1994:

		Cirque Energy Ltd.	Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd.	Adjustments	1	Proforma Mar. 31, 94
Current assets	\$	1,281,553	\$ 308,635 \$	_	\$	1,590,188
Petroleum and natural gas properties and equipment		1,604,830	1,613,531	241,796 <sup>(4)</sup> (34,000) <sup>(2)</sup>		3,426,157
Other assets		7,104	14,625	(5 2,000)		21,729
	\$	2,893,487	\$ 1,936,791 \$	207,796	\$	5,038,074
Current liabilities	\$	44,219	\$ 307,387 \$	_	\$	351,606
Other liabilities		36,000	182,200	-		218,200
Shareholders' equity		2,813,268	1,447,204	$(34,000)^{(2)}$		4,468,268
10. 1		, , , , , ,	, ,	1,447,204)(5)		.,,
				1,689,000(6)		
	\$	2,893,487	\$ 1,936,791\$	207,796	\$	5,038,074



#### 10. Subsequent event (Continued)

If the acquisition and amalgamation had occurred at the beginning of the Company's fiscal year, the following operating results would have been reflected for the year ended March 31, 1994:

		Cirque			
	Cirque	Oil & Gas			Proforma
	Energy Ltd.	Ltd.	Adjustments		Mar.31,94
Revenue, oil and gas,					
net of royalties	\$ 465,368	\$ 547,754	\$ -	\$	1,013,122
Other income	216,835	252,836	$(140,000)^{(1)}$		329,671
Operating costs - oil					
and gas	(154,601)	(181,723)			(336,324)
General and admin.	(279,267)	(144,953)	$140,000^{\scriptscriptstyle{(1)}}$		(284,220)
Consulting fees	-	(72,000)	-		(72,000)
Site restoration costs	(24,000)	(43,900)	-		(67,900)
Depreciation and					
depletion	(243,944)	(273,693)	(34,000)(2)	1	(551,637)
Net earnings (loss) bef	fore				
income taxes	(19,609)	84,321	(34,000)		30,712
Income tax expense	-	21,600	$(21,600)^{(3)}$		-
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (19,609)	\$ 62,721	\$ (12,400)	\$	30,712
Basic earnings/share	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.05		\$	0.00
		 		=	

- (1) Elimination of inter-company management fees described in Note 3.
- (2) Depletion expense applicable to the increment to fair market value of petroleum and natural gas property and equipment of Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd.
- (3) Reduction in income tax expense resulting from the application of Petrolantic Ltd. losses carryforward.
- (4) Increment to fair market value of petroleum and natural gas property and equipment of Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd.
- (5) Elimination of Cirque Oil & Gas Ltd. shareholders' equity on acquisition date.
- (6) Issue of shares by Cirque Energy Ltd. to effect the acquisition.

#### **Board of Directors**

Glen A. Phillips (P. Geol.) Calgary, Alberta President Cirque Energy Ltd.

Ron A. Shaw (P. Eng.)\* Calgary, Alberta Vice-President, Engineering Cirque Energy Ltd.

Peter C. Nichols\* Edmonton, Alberta Principle Nichols Applied Management

Harley L. Winger\* Calgary, Alberta Solicitor Burstall Ward

#### Officers

Glen A. Phillips (P. Geol.) President & C.E.O.

Ron A. Shaw (P. Eng.) Vice-President, Engineering

JoAnne Dorval, C.G.A. Secretary

#### **Subsidiaries**

PETROLANTIC INC. Tulsa, Oklahoma

#### **Corporate Information**

Transfer Agent & Registrar The R-M Trust Company P.O. Box 2517 Calgary, Alberta T2P 4P4

#### Auditors

Doane Raymond A Member firm of Grant Thornton International Chartered Accountants Calgary, Alberta

#### Counsel

Burstall Ward Calgary, Alberta

#### Bankers

The Alberta Treasury Branches Calgary, Alberta

#### Listings

A.S.E. - "CIQ" N.A.S.D.A.Q. - "CIRQF"

#### **Executive Office**

Suite 2230, 425 - 1st Street S.W. Calgary, Alberta Canada T2P 3N4 Tel: (403) 266-4344 Fax: (403) 290-0043

#### **Annual Meeting Details**

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders
will be held at 10:00 A.M. (Mountain Standard Time)
on Thursday, September 22, 1994 at
The Bow Valley Club
Suite 370, 250 - 6th Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta
All Shareholders and interested persons are invited to attend.

<sup>\*</sup> Member of Audit Committee



## **Head Office**

Suite 2230, 425 - 1st Street S.W., Calgary, Alberta T2P 3L8 Telephone: (403) 266-4344 Fax: (403) 290-0043